

Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 57.

Freedom of Thought and Opinion.

WHOLE NUMBER, 2917.

NEW SERIES.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1860.

VOL. 4, NO. 5.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
BY B. F. MEYERS.
At the following terms, to wit:
\$1.00 per annum, cash, in advance.
\$2.00 " " if paid within the year.
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Campaign Songs.

The following, which we clip from the *Chicago Times*, will no doubt be copied by all the *BLACK REPUBLICAN* papers in the country. For fear, however, that some of these papers may not see it, we will "keep it jogging along."

An "Old Abe" Song.

TUNE—UNCLE NED.

There was an old sucker, and his name was Uncle Abe,
Splittin' rails long ago, long ago,
He wore an old tile seven foot 'bove de grade,
Ober de hole whar de corn-jug go.

Lay down de beetle and de crow,
Fill up de gourd wid whiskey O,
Too much gum treen for poor old Abe,
He's up for a Salt River go.

His legs am so long as de pole ob de bean,
And his heels am not werry short,
He danced all night floatin' down stream,
And he drink ob de corn juice a quart.

Tie up de flat-boat to de shore,
Dance and go home wid de gals no more,
JUICE hard to find up dar, Uncle Abe,
For no corn grow on Salt River shore.

When Old Abe wen, Seward take 'em werry bad,
And his tears run down like de rain,
Massa Greely—DIDN'T look very sad,
He play de debil SOME real.

Lay down de NIGGER and de RAIL,
Hang up de COONEY by de tail,
Guv up de gourd to poor Old Abe,
He is going up Salt River to sail.

The Road to Baltimore.

Written on the cars by "Sioux," of the Milwaukee *News*, and sung by the Western Delegates on their way to the Baltimore Convention.

Air—DONNIE HAVENS O.

Here comes the Western Delegates,
Who've taken a little rest
Since voting every time
For the "Giant of the West."

CHORUS:

For the Giant of the West,
The Giant of the West,
Since voting every time
For the Giant of the West!

We have left our fields and labors,
And are going down again
To teach the politicians
That he never can be slain.

Our Giant is the people's choice,
They name him but to praise,
He's set our praries all on fire,
And soon you'll see the blaze.

We love the "Little Giant,"
So all the people say,
And we'll vote for no one else,
'Till after election day.

We're going down to Baltimore
To make him President,
And then you'll smell the powder burn
Where'er the ball is sent.

Now when you hear our cannons,
Don't say it's all a sham,
For soon you'll learn with sorrow,
'Tis the end of ABRAHAM.

The lightning will convey the news
Ahead of Old Buck's mails,
'Twill strike in every Western State,
And burn old Lincoln's rails.

Here's a health to Stephen Douglas,
God bless the young hero,
He's an honor to his country,
And a terror to its foe.

CAMPAIGN POETRY.

Who is this, so gaunt and thin?
'Tis Old Abe Lincoln, Old Abe Lincoln.
He's not good looking, and he can't come in—
Poor Abe Lincoln, Poor Abe Lincoln.

He may be good at splitting rails,
This Abe Lincoln, this Abe Lincoln;
He'll be sweetly mauled by Democratic rails,
Poor Abe Lincoln, poor Abe Lincoln.

SONG FOR THE LINCOLNITES.

Sound the loud fuzzy-guzzey,
Let the hegw ring,
Beat up the tuzzy muzzy,
Chinglorum bungo vim!
Elevate the rail in the air,
Swing the blazing torch on high,
Sambo is much better than Sam,
And we'll fight for him till we die!

Political.

From the Decatur (Ill.) Magnet.

EARLY LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

WHAT HIS COUSIN HAS TO SAY OF HIM.

HOW ABE WENT A COURTING.

WHO SPLIT THE RAILS, AND ALL ABOUT IT.

EDITOR OF THE MAGNET.—Dear Sir:—In the last week's issue of the *Chronicle*, I noticed a letter signed "John Hanks," which is so extraordinary in many of its features that I feel called upon to give it a brief notice.

John Hanks is my younger brother, and Abe Lincoln is my cousin. I have known both John and Abe from their earliest childhood. Since brother John has committed himself to the *Decatur* politician, who is using him as a tool to speculate in certain rails (that I know Cousin Abe never made,) I have great fears that brother John, like cousin Abe, has fallen into bad hands, and that a man by nature made for a good man, but who always needed protecting counselors, may be by his bad associations entirely ruined. I have known the entire history of both brother John and cousin Abe, and all that in the letter published in the *Chronicle* is stuff, miserable stuff, and although poor brother John's name is signed to it, I know that he even yet does not know what is in it; much less did he ever write it. It is the work of men unscrupulous in the means that they may use in gulling honest people.

In John's letter I find a long and pathetic allusion to cousin Abe's early and hard life. That may be poetical, but there is but little of it true. In Abe's younger days he was simply a wild *harum scurum* boy, and jumping and wrestling were his only accomplishments. His laziness was the cause of many mortifications to me; for as I was an older boy than either Abe or John, I often had to do Abe's work at uncle's when the family were all sick with the ague from eating water melons, and Abe would be rollicking around the country neglecting them. In those early days we all saw hard times; yet a young man who was energetic and industrious, could dress himself comfortably, and have plenty of plain good food to eat. I have often felt ashamed of cousin Abe in seeing him a full grown man gadding about the country barefoot; with his toes outrageously spraddled out by the mud; and instead of reading his books as brother John, through the *Decatur* politician potically tells us, he would be rowdying around with a pack of wild young men. I well remember when he went courting one of Major Warwick's daughters in this county, his boots were so miserably bad that his feet were frost bitten and he had to lay up at Maj. Warwick's for two weeks, and have the old lady nurse and doctor his feet.

I am fully persuaded that brother John is taking the strange course he is now pursuing for the purpose of making money out of a rail speculation, and if I could for one moment think that the *Decatur* sharpers, in whose hands he is, would not cheat him out of every cent of the money, I would not spoil the speculation by telling the facts.

The facts in regard to those rails are these: The little farm that John and Abe made the rails to fence contained 10 acres. About five years after this little farm was fenced, the entire fence was burned up, to my certain knowledge, for I hauled the rails to fence it the second time. Lewis H. Ward who now resides in this county, witnessed the fire that burnt the rails, and he is willing to make affidavit of this fact.

I lived within two miles and a half of this Lincoln farm from the time it was first settled up to 1857, and during these early times our farmers were subject to be visited by devastating fires, and I know that the fence around the Lincoln farm was consumed at least three times. And I know that the Lincoln family had left their farm, that the fence was again burned and that Sh-lt. Whitley and Dan McDaniels made the rails and re-fenced it.

I think, and I am almost certain, that the rails that are now being worshipped all over the north as Lincoln rails, were made by poor Bill Strickland, who is now poor, blind, helpless and in the Macon County Poor House. And if these philanthropic Republicans would allow me to make them one suggestion, it would be to help poor Bill Strickland who really did make the rails, and who is as honest as Abe, or any body else that ever mauled a rail, instead of spending their money over his rails.

As to cousin Abe being the "Honest Abe politician," that is a new title for him. When he first came to Illinois, I know that he was a strong Democrat. I always thought he had turned Whig afterwards because he had settled in a Whig district. And when I heard him in 1857 in the court house at Decatur, make a speech, in which he asserted that he would continue to "agitate the subject of negro slavery so long as was heard the crack of the lash upon the yellow girl's back," I did not feel like he

was either very honest or very patriotic, for I suppose that he said that for the purpose of catching Abolition votes.

I know that cousin Abe cared nothing about cutting the throat of the old Whig party, the very moment that he supposed he could make anything by building up a new party. And I never supposed that he cared one cent as to what the principles of the new party should be, only so it was fixed that he could get office.

Now, as to cousin Abe running flat-boats, that amounts to just this: Some young fellows had cut a raft to run down from Jintown, and Abe for the fun of the thing, went along instead of staying at home and attending to his own work, that was needing him very much.—That is the extent of his flatboating.

If cousin Abe can honestly get a good office, I want to see him do so; but these ghastly lies that are being told on him by politicians who pretend to be his friends I repel as a family insult.

In my own homely way I have told the above as it occurred, for the benefit of my honest neighbors and acquaintances, and I wish you to publish it just as it is. I may trouble you again.

CHARLES HANKS.

A SHORT PATENT SERMON ON THE FAMOUS "RAIL-SPLITTER."

We copy from the *Kankakee (Illinois) Democrat* the following sermon of Mr. S. P. Smith, a wag and a wit of that place. It will serve to relieve the Republican dullness of this region:

Text—"A man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."—Psalms 74: 5.

My dear Republican brethren:—Fame is a something which has been sought for from the earliest generations down to the present time; and as Abraham, our leader, in this day is famous for his great "rail-splitting" exploits, so in ancient times, "a man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

Many and diverse are the ways which some seek to become famous without any particular effort to become so. Some men become famous for their heroic deeds upon the battle field; some are famous for unfolding the mysteries of the heavens, and bringing to view new planets among the starry hosts; some are famous for their great beauty, others for their strength; some are famous as writers of books, others as writers of song; some are famous for their great wisdom, others for their great folly; some are famous according as they have lifted up their voices in the councils of the nation; but Abraham, our leader, is famous according as he has lifted up his axes upon the big trees, and split them into rails; even as the psalmist hath said, "a man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

Therefore, my brethren, I exhort you to be not faint-hearted, for, according to the Scriptures, Abraham, our leader, is a famous man. Though he is not famous for his great deeds of daring and bravery upon the field of battle; though he is not famous as being greatly learned in the arts and sciences; though he may not have sought out many great and useful inventions; he is famous as a great splitter of rails; then, in the language of my text, we can exclaim, "a man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

My brethren, be ye not cast down, but hold up your heads and receive consolation, for verily I say unto you, Abraham, our leader as a famous man. Though he may not be famous as a great builder of ships, he is not famous for his great skill in flat-boating on a raft; though he may not be famous for his great beauty, he is not famous for his great uncomeliness of physiognomy; though he may not be famous for any new discoveries among the starry hosts, he is not famous for his great researches for that "particular spot" on which he founded his famous spot resolutions, and by which he received the famous cognomen of "spot Lincoln?" Yea, verily, "a man was famous according as he lifted up his axes upon the thick trees."

My brethren, I repeat it, in the language of scripture, Abraham, our leader, is famous; although not famous for killing "Little Giants," is he not famous for felling the mighty giants of the forests? though not famous as a patriot and soldier, is he not famous for voting to withhold supplies from our soldiers on the plains of Mexico; and though not famous as the author of many books, is he not famous as the author of the great "irrepressible conflict," resulting in the famous "John Brown raid?" and though not famous for lifting up his voice in any great speech in the halls of Congress, he is famous for lifting up his axes in the wilderness. Therefore, in the language of scripture, we can say "a man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

Yes, my poor deluded brethren, let us unchain the whangdoodle, and let him howl! blow aloud upon the tooth horn! sound the he-wag and the tuzzy-muzzy! and beat upon the tomjon until we arouse the voters of this great republic to the great fact that the Abraham is a famous rail splitter and, therefore, should be chief ruler of this nation, according to scripture; for verily, the psalmist hath said, "a man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

And now in conclusion, let me say, though Abraham has a poor show while there is a Grant in the land, yet should we not stick to him like molasses in a bushy beard of hair, and console ourselves with this great fact, that Abraham, our leader, was famous according as he had been a great rail-splitter. And now, in the language of the poet, I will exclaim—

"Come on my partners in distress,"
Let's liquor;

for, in the language of my text, "a man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

A POLITICAL SERMON—BY THE REV. HARDSHELL PIKE.

My Brethering:—As a general thing I'm ferment political preachin', but as Henry Ward Beecher and numerous others too tedious to mention, have set the 'xample, I don't know but as how I've as good a right to preach a few politics as enny of 'em. I'm not a dedicated man, my Brethering, but I know what Liberty is. She is a nice old gal, that's what Liberty is, and my Brethering, I take her to my arms, and I say, old gal you suit me! Now I shan't tell you what my text is, but perhaps you can find it if you search long enough, and when you do find it shall read, "He split some rails in Illinois and boss'd a rorin' flat-boat!"

Them's his only qualifications, aside from his personal beauty, for President of the United States.

Now this is a land of Liberty, and she shan't be busted up if I kin help it. I know that's a effort been made to bust her. That's ferments and traitors and old women in small dog's clothing a hold of Mason & Dixon's line, a jerk in and a haulin' and a tryin' to sever that bully old cord, but my Brethering it can't be did, though Abraham Lincoln is clerwin' on the jokers and haulers as loud as he kin, and though he did split some rails in Illinois and boss'd a rorin' flat-boat!

That's a conspicuous individual named Douglas, cheek full of intellect and pluck, who has a heart like a oak, and carries it in his hand for his country's benefit, who will take keer of that ar line and see that it ain't cut, or damag'd, or allowed to rot off like a pollyog's tail as it would if Lincoln was placed in the White House—Lincoln who split some rails in Illinois and boss'd a rorin' flat-boat!

The prize crew who oppose us, tell us to come to Abraham's buzzum, when the fact is he has ain't got no more buzzum, than a chist of jiner's tools has. And I kin tell the Republican infants who nestle in that ar buzzum, that they'll find mighty poor nussin'! And he split some rails in Illinois, and boss'd a rorin' flat-boat!

Make Lincoln Capting of the Ship of State, and in less than a year she'll be without rudder, compass, or anchor. Who wants to see the Ship of State degenerate into a rickety old flat-boat? And he split some rails in Illinois, and boss'd a rorin' flat-boat!

My Brethering, the man to be skipper of the Ship of State is Steve Douglas of Illinois.—Steve knows every rope in the ship. He has been in all sorts of gales, but allers come out all right. That's been mootin' aboard when he was before the mast, but he put it down.—That's been desertion aboard his ship, but he told the deserters to go to thunder what they belonged, and the ship got along better for their leavin'.

My Brethering, I must close. Put the Little Giant fair and square in the White House and all will be well. Put him there, with his beautiful wife. Put him there because he belongs there. Mrs. Douglas will revive the droopin' flowers, shake the dust out of the carpets, have the segar tubs all carted away, clean the old house from cellar to garret, and fill it with sunshine and joy. And when you get that it won't seem like going into the cage of an old bear, who, if you don't fall down and lick his paws, will bite your head off.

My Brethering, S. A. Douglas is my candidate and Misses S. A. Douglas my candidates.

Let us all sing, "Gat ye out of the Wilderness"—short metre.

[From the Carrollton (Illinois) Gazette.]

REMARKS OF PETER CARTWRIGHT.

Rev. Peter Cartwright, the Backwoods Methodist preacher, being called upon at the Democratic mass meeting held at Carrollton, August 2, 1860, came forward in the presence of 20,000 people, and in the course of a few remarks, used the following language:

I am an old man, and it would be impossible for me to make my voice heard by this vast assembly. I do not desire to make a political speech, for it is my sphere to talk upon another subject. Besides, there are others, here better able to address you than myself. I only wish to explain a few facts that have been circulated in the papers in regard to a conversation which took place between myself and certain others on the cars, the substance of which was as follows:

While on a trip to the East, I found myself in the company of some Northern Abolitionists and Republicans, and in the course of our remarks some one asked what State I was from, and I replied, from Illinois. "Then," said he, "you must be acquainted with Mr. Lincoln, our candidate for President. I told him, 'I ought to be, for I had lived in the same county with him for many years.' He then asked, 'What kind of a man is he?'"

Smelling a rat, as the old saying is and wishing to avoid a political discussion, I thought I would divert the attention of the company from this subject, and said I; "He is about six feet four, and if a line were let fall perpendicularly from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, it would cut him in two about three times."

I also told them I had been twice elected to the Legislature, and was once a candidate against Old Abe, and beat him, and thought he not only suffered defeat, but was the hindmost man of the three candidates then in the field. I also remarked that I entered the political arena because there was an attempt made by some corrupt politicians to change the State Constitution so as to admit slavery; that I left Kentucky because I did not like to live with the institution of slavery, and I naturally desired Illinois, my adopted State, to remain free; hence upon this issue I became a candidate and was elected, a majority of the people preferring a free and a small minority a slave State. Abe consequently became a Whig when there came to be a majority of that party in his county. I have always been a Democrat, and if it were not for what little religion I have got, I would slap the jaws of some of those Republicans who accuse Democrats of being proslavery. The papers say old Abe beat me for Congress, which is true, but I wish to explain how it was. The Whig majority in the district was thirty-five hundred. I was nominated by the Democrats, but told my friends I could not and would not canvass the district. I, however, canvassed one county, and in that beat Abe thirteen votes; and I believe if I had canvassed the whole district I should have been elected to Congress.

Abe was elected however by fifteen hundred majority, I having reduced his party's majority two thousand votes, and if this is getting beat I am willing to be beat any time. If any do not believe these facts let them go to the records and see for themselves. I had intended if Douglas, whom I assisted in getting his first office in this State, and who I hope will be elected, was not nominated at Baltimore, to declare myself an independent candidate against Abe Lincoln, for I am confident I could beat him, and I know I would make a better President than Old Buck or Abe either. Some say that Abe was only thirteen years old when I was elected to the legislature, and if so, I have only to say I beat a big baby. In my Biography there are many facts hastily thrown together, the time of their occurrence not being recollected or not definitely specified. In my remarks I mean nothing disrespectful to Mr. Lincoln; I have nothing to say against his private character, but I think he has some "spots" as well as the rest of us.

It is needless to say the audience gave the most strict attention, and that the venerable Elder resumed his seat amid deafening shouts of applause.

From the Selingsgrove Times.

LETTER TO ANDREW G. CURTIN.

Mr. CURTIN.—As you are now a prominent candidate before the people of this Commonwealth for the highest office of the people of a sovereign State alone can confer, and as you doubtless desire every man in the State to vote for you for Governor, I take this seasonable occasion to give you, as well as the public, my reasons why I cannot and will not vote for you. When you were Secretary of this Commonwealth a circumstance occurred in Bellefonte, the place where you reside, showing satisfactorily to my mind that you possess too malicious a spirit to fill, with any creditable degree of dignity, the honorable position of Governor over a free, civilized and enlightened people. The circumstance was one of too serious a nature to be lost; and as I told you then, that I would on some future occasion remind you of it, I shall now proceed to do so without the fear of your recollection in my mind.

I will here first state that I am only a poor man, and by profession am a huckster. At the time above referred to, I came to Bellefonte on business. I had an excellent dog with me to guard my wagon. A number of boys began teasing the dog by running at him; and some went so far as to throw stones at him. So soon as the dog would defend himself against these unjust attacks, the ungodly boys ran into the houses; but no sooner had the dog again returned to his wagon, than the boys would also return and repeat the insult. Among these boys was the son of A. G. Curtin, who being a little tardy in reaching the house, was caught by the dog at the leg of his pantaloons. The dog was at once recalled and tied in the stable belonging to the hotel, so as to prevent the boys from teasing him. Soon after that you came to me and asked me whether it was my dog that had caught your boy. I told you that you should keep a "little cool," and I would explain the matter; but you would not hear me, and walked off greatly excited, and returned with a revolver in your hand and a crowd following you. You walked up to me and drew your revolver and said: "You damn Dutch son-of-a-bitch, if you say one word, I'll shoot your G-d D-d Dutch son-of-a-bitch's brains out!"

That, Mr. Curtin, was my introduction to our Secretary of State! It was a loud and strong introduction; and I must say that I never had an introduction to any official gentleman (?) so well remember.

You then turned to the poor dog and shot him three times, and said you had ANOTHER BALL LEFT FOR ME!

The subscriber is ready at any time, when called upon, to verify these statements by good

and reputable citizens who were present and witnessed the scene.

These, then, Mr. Curtin, are some of my reasons why I really and honestly think you are unfit to be at the head of a free, Dutch and sovereign people like that of Pennsylvania. You seem to have a very contemptible opinion of Dutchmen; but allow me, Sir, to tell you that the Dutchmen of Pennsylvania will show you by next October that they have an equally contemptible opinion of you. They will shoot you not with revolvers, but with something more effectual, and honorable, paper balls.

R. PICKARD.

Middleburg, Pa., Aug. 9, 1860.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

A gentleman who lives in Montgomery, Alabama, and who is a client of Mr. Yancey, states that Alabama will give 10,000 majority for Douglas.

A correspondent of the *Ohio Statesman* says that a vote was taken on the Central Ohio Railroad on the 9th inst., with the following result: Douglas 51, Lincoln 1, Breckinridge none, Bell none. There were on board Hon. Wm. Lawrence of Guernsey county, and Dr. Stout of Zanesville.

The *Jeffersonian*, the organ of the Democracy in Bienville parish, Louisiana, has hoisted the flag of Douglas and Johnson.

John G. Marshall, of Clermont, Ohio, a leading Republican heretofore, is on the stump for Douglas and popular sovereignty.

Hon. John A. Rockwell, a prominent republican of Connecticut, announces his intention to support Bell.

Politics of Georgia.—*Milledgeville*, August 13.—The Douglas Convention met and appointed A. H. Stephens and Augustus R. Wright electors for the State at large. A resolution was adopted unanimously inviting Senator Douglas to visit Georgia.

In Arkansas, the *Pocahontas Advertiser*, *Madison Journal*, and *Pine Bluff Independent*, have hoisted the Douglas flag.

A private letter from Muscatine county, Iowa, to the *Dubuque Herald*, states that almost the entire German vote of that county, hitherto Black Republican, will be given for Douglas.

Morris S. Evans, Esq., of Evansville, formerly a prominent member of the Whig party, has come out for Douglas and Johnson. The *Evansville Journal* appears rather sore on the subject.

Col. A. M. Gibson, the alternate Elector of the Sixth District, Alabama, on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket, made a speech the other day in Blountsville, declaring for Douglas and Johnson.

Daniel Gordon, of Belmont county, Ohio, late a Black Republican, is now stamping that county for Douglas, and advocating the principles of popular sovereignty.

Benjamin Knapp, Esq., a well known and much respected citizen of the Black Republican party, has enrolled himself in the Douglas army.

A correspondent who writes from Pine Woods, Madison county, New York, to the Albany *Argus*, informs that paper that "A short time ago there were but fifteen Democrats in this town, but we now have increased the number to fifty, and shall go on adding to the Douglas list until the day of election."

Sharp Practice.—The Winona (Minn.) *Democrat* practices a premium on sharp practice. It had the printing of the United States laws, in consideration of which it supported Breckinridge and Lane with well-affected zeal. The jobbing completed, down came the Breckinridge, and up went the Douglas flag, in the twinkling of an eye.

Helper's Crisis, a book endorsed by sixty-eight Republican members of Congress, says: "You may frown and fret, but we will abolish slavery so help us God, though it bring on civil war, though it may dissolve the Union; nay, annihilate the solar system, yet our determination is as fixed as the eternal pillars of heaven."

A letter from Warrentown, Ala., says:—"This (Marshall) is a Union-loving, Douglas county, so are all the adjoining counties, and in fact, the same may be said of north Alabama. Marshall votes some 1150, and I think I am safe in saying that, if the vote were taken to-day Douglas would get 1000."

At a recent Democratic meeting in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, Joseph Watson, Esq., heretofore one of the most prominent Black Republicans in Knox county, stepped forward and announced that he and thirty-six other Republicans of his township would support Stephen A. Douglas.

Col. Henry Calhoun, a life time Democrat, has taken the stump in Jasper county, Mississippi, for Douglas and Johnson, and it is said his speeches have aroused the people of that region of Mississippi to the true condition of the country.

Ex-Governor Drew of Arkansas, has taken the stump in that State for Douglas and Johnson. He addressed the people at Van Buren on the 31st inst., at which a large Douglas Club was formed.

Hon. Amos Kendall refused to preside at a Breckinridge meeting, and it is said he warmly expresses the cause of Douglas.

All for Douglas.—In Moon township, Allegheny county, the Democracy, with two single exceptions, are all for Douglas.

The German Democrat of Laporte, Indiana, have established a paper called the *Minerva*. It presents a neat appearance, and is edited with spirit and ability. It hoists the banner of Douglas and Johnson and the democratic State and county tickets. Long may it wave in the support of sound democratic principles, policy and men!

BEDFORD GAZETTE.



—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1860.

B. F. Moyers, Editor and Proprietor.

FOR PRESIDENT.

HON. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
HON. HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON,
OF GEORGIA.

FOR GOVERNOR:
GEN. HENRY D. FOSTER,
OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. WILLIAM P. SCHILL,
(Subject to the decision of the District Conference.)

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

PROTHONOTARY,
MAJ. SAMUEL H. TATE,
BEDFORD BOROUGH.

SHERIFF,
JOHN J. CESSNA,
BEDFORD BOR.

COMMISSIONER,
RICHARD M'MULLIN,
NAPIER.

POOR DIRECTOR,
JOHN S. BRUMBAUGH,
S. WOODBERRY.

AUDITOR,
GEORGE BAUGHMAN,
W. PROVIDENCE.

COOKER,
JACOB WALTER,
ST. CLAIR.

Bedford Classical Institute.

The second school year of this institution,
will open on Monday Sept. 3d, 1860, in the
brick building of Mr. Jamison, nearly opposite
Mr. Fyan's Store. Terms as before.

REV. JOHN LYON,
Principal.

DEMOCRATIC

MASS MEETING!

A Mass Meeting of the Democrats
of Bedford county, will be held at the
COURT HOUSE, in Bedford, on
MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 3d.

Hon. H. D. FOSTER,
the Democratic candidate for Governor,
is expected to be present to address
the meeting. Rally! Democrats, Rally!

By order of the Dem. Co. Com.
G. H. SPANG,
Chairman.

Aug. 31st, 1860.

Treason! Treason! Treason!

It has always been our opinion that the
object of W. L. Yancey and other leaders of the
boilers at Charleston, was to break up the Dem-
ocratic party for the purpose of allowing Lin-
coln to be elected, so that they would have a
good excuse for making an attempt to dissolve
this Union. We do not say, nor do we be-
lieve, that Mr. Breckinridge had, or has, any
knowledge of Yancey & Co.'s schemes. He is,
doubtless, their innocent victim. But the evi-
dence is now clear that a conspiracy has been
formed between many of the leading sup-
porters of Mr. Breckinridge and the Black Repub-
licans, to effect the election of Abraham Lin-
coln. We are informed on good authority, that a
side-door arrangement exists between the
Breckinridge and Lincoln Committees at Wash-
ington, whereby they are enabled to frank such
documents over the country as will best suit
their dark and evil purposes. The Black Rep-
ublican Committee is flooding the country with
the speech of BENJAMIN, of Louisiana, and the
Breckinridge Committee sends its documents to
Republican clubs to insure their distribution.
THOMAS B. FLORENCE, the member of the
Breckinridge Committee for this State, last
week, sent under his own frank, a large bundle
of documents to the Bedford P. O., directed to
PETER H. SHIRES, who is the President of
the Lincoln Club, of this place. How far this
base conspiracy extends, we do not know, but
we feel it our duty as a Democratic editor to
warn Democrats to be on their guard. If we
were the strongest Breckinridge man in the
county, treason like this would make us a friend
of Mr. Douglas. We refer to this matter more
in sorrow than in anger, for surely we have
fallen upon evil times, when our own friends
are striving to destroy us.

JUNIATA COUNTY.—The Democratic county
Convention of Juniata county, has presented
the name of EDWARD S. DORT, Esq., of that
county, as a candidate for the Democratic nom-
ination for Congress in this district. Mr. Dort
is said to be a man of fine abilities and great
personal worth. Should the choice of the Con-
ference fall upon him, we doubt not the party
of the district will yield him their earnest sup-
port.

The Railroad Boomerang.

The honest and intelligent masses of the Op-
position in this county, are completely dis-
gusted with the effort of some of their leaders in
Bedford Borough, to prevent the completion of
the Bedford Railroad. They denounce the
course of their organ in this place, and declare
that as the President of the Road, Mr. SCHILL,
has been assailed and vilified by that sheet, they
will come forward and sustain him at the polls.
An exhibition of this feeling among the Opposi-
tion, was had in the Lincoln Club of this place,
at its meeting on Tuesday night last. Hon. S.
L. Russell addressed the Club, pouring a perfect
storm of hot shot into the malignant and un-
principled scribbles for Jordan's organ. Among
other things, he said that if Mr. Schell would
be elected to Congress, the editors of that paper,
in attacking him for doing his duty as President
of the Railroad Company, would alone be re-
sponsible for his success. They, said he, have
made Mr. Schell the Railroad candidate, and,
per consequence, Mr. McPherson the anti-Rail-
road candidate. Mr. Russell's remarks on this
occasion, have excited quite a hubbub in the
Republican camp, and if Jordan & Co. persist
in their vilification of the men who are honest-
ly striving to complete the Railroad, there is no
telling where this matter will end. Thus have
the weapons raised by Jordan & Co. against Mr.
Schell and the Directors of the Railroad Com-
pany, recoiled upon them like so many Boomer-
angs in the hands of men unaccustomed to han-
dle them.

Significant.

WM. H. POLK, brother of Ex-President
Polk, is one of the Douglas Electors in Tennes-
see.

ALEX. H. STEPHENS, the great Georgian
orator and statesman, the man who was Mr.
Buchanan's great general and leader in Con-
gress, in favor of the passage of the Lecompton
Constitution, is one of the Douglas Electors at
large for the State of Georgia. Both Polk and
Stephens will canvass their states for Dou-
glas.

EX-GOV. FOOTE, of Mississippi, who de-
feated Jefferson Davis, for Governor, in 1851,
when the same issues that are now being dis-
cussed, were involved in the canvass, is stump-
ing the Southern states for Douglas.

PIERRE SOULE, of Louisiana, late Minis-
ter to Spain, and with Mr. Buchanan in the
Ostend conference, is strong for Douglas.

ALBERT RUST, Member of Congress from
Arkansas, is for Douglas.

A. J. HAMILTON, Member of Congress
from Texas, is for Douglas.

W. Y. BROWN, M. C., EX-GOV. WICK-
LIFFE, JOHN C. MASON and Ex-Senator
ARCHIBALD DIXON, of Kentucky, are for
Douglas.

All the Democratic Congressmen from Mis-
souri, are for Douglas.

SENATOR CLINGMAN and U. S. District
Attorney DICK, of North Carolina, are for
Douglas.

Ex-Congressman CABELL, of Florida, is for
Douglas.

JOHN FORSYTH, late minister to Mexico,
Congressmen Cobb and Houston and Ex-Gov.
WINSTON, of Alabama, are for Douglas.

Significant, is it not? Who says the Little
Giant has no strength in the South?

Gen. H. D. FOSTER.—The Centre Democrat,
(the Republican organ of Centre county,) has at
length concluded to pitch into Gen. Foster,
our worthy candidate, for Governor.—We take
the subjoined extract from that paper of the 19th
ult.

"A finer gentleman than General Foster can-
not be found in the State, and it is an informal
outcast for his party to treat him so shabbily.
He is the model of an American gentleman and
statesman. He is an upright consistent man,
and such men are always welcome to our ranks.
One thing we will promise him if he joins us,
we will let him at least treat him decently, and that
more than the Democrats are doing for him at
the present time. We are sorry that he was
placed in a hostile position toward General Foster,
for we like him very much, and come
what may, no word of abuse shall ever escape
our lips when speaking of him, nor will we
stand by and hear him traduced by any one.—
The man that maligns him in our presence, will
be told he is a liar—and if he reiterates
a third time, that which we know to be false,
we will smash his teeth down his throat. For
Gen. Foster we have the warmest feelings of
personal friendship."

Another FIRE.—On Saturday morning last,
between the hours of one and two o'clock, the
stable of Mr. L. JAMISON, in the eastern part
of town, was discovered to be on fire. A num-
ber of people at once repaired to the spot; but
it was soon found impossible to save the build-
ing, or any of its contents. Two fine horses
were burned to death. Mr. Jamison's loss is
estimated at about \$1000. As fires are becom-
ing a little too fashionable for comfort, we think
it is time something should be done to prevent
them. Would it not be proper for the Town
Council to offer a reward for the detection and
apprehension of incendiaries?

CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE.—We are re-
quested to announce that the Democratic con-
ferences appointed by the Democrats of the sev-
eral counties composing this Congressional dis-
trict, will assemble at Chambersburg, on Tues-
day, the 11th of September next, for the pur-
pose of putting in nomination a candidate for
Congress.

DEPARTURE OF THE PRESIDENT.—President
Buchanan, Judge Black and suite, left Bedford
Springs on Tuesday morning last, en route for
Washington.

Douglas and Foster Club will meet at the Court House, on Saturday evening
next. HON. B. A. HILL, of St. Louis, will
address the Club. JOB MANN,
President.

MORE DEMOCRATIC THUNDER!

"LITTLE BERKS" FOR THE LITTLE GIANT!
CUMBERLAND VALLEY SPEAKS!

The following account of the movements of
the Democracy in Cumberland Valley, will
be interesting and cheering to Democrats all
over the State and the Union. That loyal and
true Democratic district is widely known among
Democrats for its solid majorities and unwaver-
ing adherence to regular nominations and the
true Democratic faith. All honor to the gal-
lant band that so firmly maintain the right.

Mr. Editor:

Believing it to be for the
interest of the Democratic Party in Bedford
County, to know the real sentiments of Cum-
berland Valley Township in the present cam-
paign, the democracy were called together on
Saturday evening, 25th inst., when it was uni-
mously resolved to institute a Douglas Club,
of which Lewis A. May was elected President,
and a Vice President was chosen from each
sub-district in the Township. J. B. Anderson
was elected Secretary of the Club, and a Com-
mittee appointed to draft resolutions expressive
of the sense of the community, which reported
as follows:

We, the citizens of Cumberland Valley
Twp., believing the doctrine of Non-intervention
as represented by STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS
in his debates in Congress, on the subject of
the government of the Territories, to be the only
true Democratic doctrine, and believing the
Cincinnati Platform as explained to the people
of Pennsylvania in 1856, and at the present
time, to be correct in principle; and further-
more, regarding the Convention that nominated
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS as the only regular
Convention, according to the rules and usages
of the Democratic Party;

Resolved, That we cordially ap-
prove the nomination of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS,
and HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON for the
offices of President and Vice President of the
United States.

Resolved, That we approve of the nomi-
nation of Henry D. Foster for the office of Gov-
ernor of this State.

Resolved, That we consider a modification
of the present Tariff as necessary for the purpose
of raising sufficient revenue for the support of
the Government, and are in favor of a proper
discrimination for the protection of the man-
ufacturing interests of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That we will exert ourselves
to get the largest majority at the coming elections
that this Township has ever given to any can-
didate.

Resolved, That our thanks are due to the
HON. JOHN CESSNA for the able services he
rendered at Charleston and Baltimore in the
cause of Non-intervention.

The speakers were John Blair, Dr. H. Hud-
son, J. Snider and T. B. Cessna, the latter of
whom has just launched on the sea of Politics,
and although young in years, but fair to excel
as a public speaker, it we may judge from the
ease and elegance of his diction, the truly logi-
cal method in which he arranges his discourse,
and the almost imperceptible manner in which
he leads us to adopt his conclusions.

As the meeting closed for the night, three en-
thusiastic cheers were given for the cause—and
from my observation in traveling over the town-
ship, I can safely say that you can rely on a
United Democracy in

"LITTLE BERKS."

From the Missouri Republican.

BEDFORD SPRINGS, Pa., August 14, 1860.

Nearly three weeks ago I left St. Louis for
this point, via Terre Haute, Crestline, Pitts-
burgh, Huntington and Hopewell. From 106
degrees at St. Louis, the thermometer fell to 70
degrees at the Springs, where I arrived with
my family the second day of my journey. We
enjoyed our rest in the sleeping cars of the
Terre Haute road and at the Huntington Ex-
change Hotel, far better than we could have
done at home. The trip over these roads in
warm weather is delightful. We felt nothing
more of the heat after night-fall, and the tracks
are in capital order.

This is a delightful spot; the nights are
always cool, and the climate in the warmest days
is bracing and salubrious. The valley where
the Springs are situated is about 1800 feet above
the level of the sea, and the surrounding moun-
tain scenery is of rare beauty. The Springs are
in a gorge or a mountain pass, not over 400
feet in width, and on this narrow plain the hotel
building and court yard stand, almost sur-
rounded on three sides by mountains covered
with native forest trees. There are accommo-
dations here of the best quality for eight hun-
dred persons, and the fare is excellent. The
rides and drives are romantic and picturesque,
and a variety of amusements charm away the
lazy hours.

St. Louis has been represented here this season
by General Coates and family, Benj. A.
Soulard, Esq., and family, Mr. Cist and family,
Mr. Rokohi and family, B. A. Hill, Esq., and
family, Mrs. Switzer, and some others whose
names I do not recollect. All those with
whom I have spoken are charmed with the cli-
mate and the waters. The great mass of visitors
are from the Eastern cities, and the majority
of them are invalids who come here under medi-
cal advice. It is claimed that the Bedford
Springs has peculiar virtues. The following is
the published analysis of one quart of the wa-
ter: 20 grs. sulphate magnesia, 4 grs. sulphate
of lime, 24 grs. muriate of soda, 1 gr. muriate
of lime, 14 grs. carbonate of iron, 2 grs. carbo-
nate of lime, and 184 cubic inches of carbonic
acid gas. Many eminent physicians of Phila-
delphia and Baltimore send their patients here
for the cure. There is no doubt of the bene-
ficial effect of these waters in a great variety of
chronic diseases of the stomach, liver and kid-
neys. Wonderful cures are performed every
season.

We have been inactive spectators of the great
political contest, which closed last week in Mis-
souri, and the disastrous effect of the disunion
secession nominations, has been manifested very
clearly, throughout your State as far as heard
from. It is generally understood here, that the
secession nominations, are merely a continua-
tion of the treasonable scheme of disunion, bold-
ly proclaimed at the last session of Congress,
by Southern Democrats in the Senate and House,
and carried out by a treasonable attempt to pre-
vent the election of a Speaker. After the nomi-
nation of Mr. Douglas, there could be no appar-
ent purpose served by the secession nomi-
nations, other than the defeat of the regular Dem-
ocratic nominees and the almost inevitable tri-
umph of Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin. Not a
member of the Secession Convention expected
to elect the victims nominated for the sacrifice

but the design was to divide the party—to de-
feat Mr. Douglas, and to give the greatest
chance for success to the Black Republicans.
The Bell and Everett chances were regarded
then as desperate. The motives that led to this
secession treason are thus made manifest.—
The very men who declared at the last session
of Congress that the election of a Black Repub-
lican President, would authorize a dissolution of
the Union, unite with their co-conspirators to
divide and destroy the Democratic party, and
aid thereby the election of Lincoln and Hamlin.
If therefore the Secession Democrats were sin-
cere in their solemn declarations made in both
Houses of Congress during the late session, and
if they had any design in the nomination of
John C. Breckinridge, they must have known
that their policy tended directly towards the
election of Lincoln and Hamlin, and would fur-
nish them, the Seceders, with the excuse for
a treasonable attempt to dissolve the Union, up-
on the election of a Black Republican President.
There were doubtless other motives, but this
was the main secret object of the managers of
the Secession Convention; and the Convention
itself was but one of the acts in a tragedy—the
main plot of which was designed to represent
the destruction of the Republic, by the dissolu-
tion of the Union. This arch-treason has been
contemplated since 1850, and the unexpected
failure of the conspirators, to defeat the nomi-
nation of Mr. Douglas, hastened them to a more
direct accomplishment of their purpose than
they desired.

For proofs of my assertion, I refer to the
speeches of Keitt, Miles and Bonham of South
Carolina, of Lamar, McRae, Singleton and Dy-
vis of Mississippi, of Moore and Curry of Ala-
bama; of De Jarnette and Leake of Virginia,
of Clifton and Crawford of Georgia, and others at
the last session of Congress.

We are under obligations to HON. W.
T. DAUGHERTY, of this place, for a copy of
the following interesting and instructive arti-
cle:

New and Complete Arrangements for the
Shipment of Broad Top Coal on the Pen-
sylvania and Reading Railroads.

The Huntington and Broad Top Railroad
which constitutes the sole outlet from the Broad
Top (semi-bituminous) coal basin, intersects
with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Hunting-
don, 97 miles from Harrisburg, where also it
has facilities for loading coal into boats, upon
the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's canal.

The water-line from Huntington, over
which the coal is carried to tidewater markets,
pursues the Juniata river to the Susquehanna
and the Susquehanna river to its junction with
the Chesapeake Bay, by one route, whilst another
route, deflecting east from the Susquehanna
at Middletown, pursues the Union Canal to
Reading and the Schuylkill Canal to this city.

The rail-line from Huntington, by one route,
is over the Pennsylvania Railroad to this city,
whilst from its connection with the Pennsylvania
Railroad at Harrisburg, by its Lebanon Valley
Branch, the Philadelphia and Reading
Railroad opens another route to this city.

With all these outlets, however, the Broad
Top coal interest have felt the want of a satis-
factory working programme for the transporta-
tion of their coal to tidewater; yet, notwith-
standing the difficulties which beset them be-
tween their own road and their customers for
their mineral fuel, they have preserved in es-
tablishing a character for their coal in the
market, and in adding largely to the quantity
forwarded each year, till now, Broad Top coal is
not only a favorite but is a preferred coal for
many uses, in the general market; whilst, at the
same time, the Broad Top region has arisen to
the rank of a competitor of the Cumberland re-
gion, in all the tide-water cities east of Balti-
more.

Having attained to this position, it only re-
mained for the Broad Top interest to secure for
their coal an outlet to tidewater over the best
of all the routes, so that with an efficient trans-
portation programme working in their favor,
they might the more rapidly increase the pro-
duction of their coal at the mines, and quicken
its consumption in the market. And this dis-
cussion, we are happy to announce, they have
compassed through the co-operative action of
the Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia and
Reading Railroad Companies, who have agreed to
furnish three hundred new eight-wheel ten-
dron cars; also, to prorate the charges for trans-
portation over their respective roads; the route
from Huntington to the Richmond wharves in
this city, comprises 97 miles of the Pennsyl-
vania Railroad and 112 miles of the Reading
Railroad, the gradients on the entire joint route
being wonderfully moderate, with long reaches
of gentle descent in the direction of the heavy
trade.

The cars will differ from the eight-wheel cars
built for carrying anthracite, in having in the
bottom a drop the full width of the car, with a
sheet-iron lining on the sections of the bottom
sloping down from the back and front, to the
trap through which the load falls, when the
contents are discharged.

In the hard coal car the interior is hopper-
shaped, with the drop in the centre of the bot-
tom, but in such a car the soft coal becomes
packed and will not pass through when the drop
is opened. Hence to avoid this difficulty the
new cars will be lined with metal, and, as
stated, provided with a drop, to which the sides
descend vertically, and the bottom slopes down
from the ends of the car.

The new cars will be furnished with steel
springs and Lightner's box; in short, they will
combine the Pennsylvania Railroad truck, with
the Reading Railroad soft coal car body.

For some time past Broad Top coal has been
passed over the Reading Railroad to Richmond,
and the route has been so satisfactory to all
parties, that a special equipment has been or-
dered.

The diversion of the Broad Top coal trade,
over the Reading Railroad to the Delaware at
the Richmond wharves in this city, should stimu-
late the mining interests in the Lower Susque-
hanna coal basins, to seek the great markets
over the same outlet; for certain we are, and as
these columns testify we have long believed,
that the Richmond terminus of the Reading
Railroad is destined to become as well the en-
trepot of the soft coals of Pennsylvania, as of
her hard anthracites.—Mining Register.

In Illinois there are ninety-one Demo-
cratic papers for Douglas and two for Breckin-
ridge. In Michigan the thirty-nine Demo-
cratic papers are for Douglas. In Indiana there
are sixty-four for Douglas, and five either for Breckin-
ridge or neutral. In Ohio seventy-five pa-
pers are for Douglas and four for Breckinridge.
A lot of one thousand dollars offered through
the columns of the *Portland Argus*, that Lin-
coln will not be the next President of the Uni-
ted States, finds no takers.

Bedford Co. Agricultural Society.

At a meeting of the Bedford County Agri-
cultural Society, held at the Bedford Hotel,
Aug. 27th, 1860, Valentine Steckman was
chosen President, *pro tem*.

On motion, Resolved, That the next exhibi-
tion of the Society be held on the 2d, 3d, and
4th days of October, 1860, in Bedford.

Wm. Hartley resigned the office of Recording
Secretary and R. D. Barclay was elected in his
stead.

Hon. John Taylor, Dan'l Helzel and Maj.
S. Davis were added to the Committee of ar-
rangements.

CAMP MEETING.

At a meeting of the Schellsburg Circuit Camp
Meeting Committee, M. E. Church, held July
31, 1860, the following Resolutions were unani-
mously adopted:

Resolved, That the Schellsburg circuit camp
meeting commence Sep. 7, 1860, and be held
on the old camp ground, near Horn's Church,
same ground on which it was held last year.

Resolved, That a cordial invitation be, and
is hereby given, to the friends of Bedford Sta-
tion, Rainsburg Circuit, and the entire country,
to tent, and worship with us.

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions
be sent to each of the Bedford County editors
with a request that they be published.

Signed by order, and in behalf of the com-
mittee.

WM. H. STEVENS, P. C.
Pleasantville, Aug. 24, 1860.

—MARRIED—

On the 26th inst., by the Rev. Sam'l. Ying-
ling, Mr. Adam Beltz, of Bedford, to Miss
Naomi DeHill Gordon, of Napier Township.

On the 16th inst., at the Pastor's residence,
in Schellsburg, by the Rev. Joseph Hannaberry,
Mr. John Hyde, to Miss Christina C. Dall, both
of Dry Ridge Bedford Co.

PROCLAMATION OF GEN-
eral election.—Whereas, in and
by an Act of General Assembly of the Common-
wealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regu-
late the General Elections within this Common-
wealth," it is enjoined upon me to give public
notice of said Elections, and to entreat the said
electors to be punctilious in the discharge of
their duty, and to be duly informed of the
mode and time of voting, I, WM. S. FLUKE,
Sheriff of the County of Bedford, do hereby
make known and give this public notice to the
Electors of the County of Bedford, that a General
Election will be held in said County, on the second
Tuesday (25th) of October, 1860, at the several election
districts, to wit:

The Electors of the Borough of Bedford and town-
ship of Bedford, to meet at the Court House in said
Borough.

The Electors of Broad Top township to meet at
the School House in the town of Hopewell.

The Electors of Colerain township to meet at the
house of Joshua Fisher, in Rainsburg, in said town-
ship.

The Electors of Cumberland Valley township to
meet at the new School House erected on the land
owned by John Whip's heirs in said township.

The Electors of Harrison township to meet at
schoolhouse number 5, near the dwelling house of
Henry Keyser in said township.

The Electors of Juniata township to meet at Key-
ser's School House in said township.

The Electors of Hopewell township to meet at the
School House near the house of John Dasher in said
township.

The Electors of Londonderry township to meet at
the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill, as a shop,
in Bridgeport, in said township.

The Electors of the township of Liberty to meet
at the School House in Stonerstown in said town-
ship.

The Electors of Monroe township to meet at the
house lately occupied by James Carnell in Clear-
ville, in said township.

The Electors of Schellsburg borough to meet at
the brick School House in said borough.

The Electors of Napier township to meet at the
brick School House in the borough of Schellsburg.

The Electors of East Providence township to meet
at the house lately occupied by John Nyeum jr., in
said township.

The Electors of Snake Spring township to meet at
the School House near the Methodist church on the
land of John G. Hartley.

The Electors of West Providence township to meet
at the log School House on Bloody Run in said town-
ship.

The Electors of St. Clair township to meet at the
stone near the dwelling house of Gideon Trent in
said township.

The Electors of Union township to meet at the
house of Michael Wyant in said township.

The Electors of South Woodbury township to
meet at the house of Samuel Oster near Noble's mill
in said township.

The Electors of Southampton township to meet at
the house of Wm. Adams in said township.

The Electors of the township of Middle Woodbury
to meet at the house of Henry Fluke in the vil-
lage of Woodbury; at which times and places the
qualified electors will meet by ballot.

ONE PERSON for Governor of the Common-
wealth.

ONE PERSON for Representative in Congress,
in conjunction with the counties of Fulton, Frank-
lin, Adams and Juniata.

ONE PERSON, in conjunction with the counties of
Somerset and Huntingdon, to represent the counties
of Bedford, Somerset and Huntingdon in the
Senate of Pennsylvania.

TWO PERSONS, in conjunction with the county
of Somerset, to fill the office of Members of the
House of Representatives, to represent the coun-
ties of Bedford and Somerset in the House of Rep-
resentatives.

ONE PERSON for the office of Prothonotary, Reg-
ister and Recorder and Clerk of the Courts for
Bedford county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Sheriff of said
county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Coroner for said
county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Commissioner for
said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of

LIST OF CAUSES

Put down for trial at September Term, (31 day) 1860.	
Samuel Moss Ex'ors vs John Alsip	
Peter J. Little vs Jacob Strook	
Jacob Farmer's use vs John Alsip	
Richard McEneaney vs Same	
James Patton vs David Stoner et al	
Thomas J. Horton vs A. W. Evans	
James Patton vs Jacob Longenecker	
John Heston vs Adam Buck	
Catherine Over vs John Claar's ex'ors	
Edward Berne vs Abraham Riff	
Solomon Gans vs D. S. Berkstresser	
F. D. Bewle vs Anthony Bower	
George Albright vs J. P. Krenghbaum	
E. B. Bradley et al vs Wm. S. Fluke et al	
Wheat & Grover vs James Patton	
Jacob Keely vs David Patterson	
J. C. McLanahan and others vs A. J. Sively	
Elizabeth Haney vs B. W. Garrison	
John Filler vs A. J. Pennell et al	
John Claycomb vs Daniel Stinson	
Wm. Hartley et al vs T. W. Horton et al	
Wm. Hartley et al vs A. R. Crane's ex'ors	
Henry Rehnst et al vs Wm. H. Irvin et al	
John Fick's heirs vs James Enrich et al	
J. Jordan, Trustee &c. vs The Same	
Michael Gorden vs John Cossina et al	
Prothonotary's Office, vs S. H. TATE, Prot.	

LIST OF GRAND JURORS

Drawn for September Term, 1st Monday, 3d day, 1860.

John McVicker, Foreman, John H. Barton, John Heston, Frederick Barkman, Jr., Samuel Root, Jesse Duell, Jacob O. Dively, Wm. Elder, Benjamin Fink, Martin Hoover, Henry Hon, Bostian Kegg, Wm. Keyser, Nicholas Lyons, Jr., John B. Miller, John Metzger, George Mortimer, Frederick Miller, Joseph S. Messersmith, Daniel J. Miller, Jacob Pee, Peter H. Studebaker, Absalom Sparks, Henry Wertz.

PEIT JURORS.

George B. Amich, Westley Akers, Israel Bennett, Samuel Beckner of A. James Cassa vs Esq. Peter Dermorey, John Hestberger, Oliver Horton, Uesant Hestberger, Reuben C. Haines, Joseph Ickes, Peter Imber, Adam Ickes, Josiah Koons, John Lowry, Samuel Logan, Martin Mowry, Abraham Moritz, Joseph Moore, John McVicker, Lewis Pitt, James Patton, Joseph Richey, Nathan Robinson, Jacob Roads, Henry Reinhold, Thomas P. Studebaker, George Siger, Solomon Steel, Wm. Spidle, Daniel Same, Nathan H. Wright, Samuel Working, Wm. C. Wisgarver, Michael Weyand.

REGISTER'S NOTICE

ALL persons interested are hereby notified, that the following named accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's Office, of Bedford County; and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court in and for said county, on Tuesday the 4th day of September, next, at the Court House, in Bedford, for confirmation:

1. The account of John D. Perdue, adm'r, of the Estate of Mary Perdue, late of Southampton Tp., dec'd.
2. The account of Daniel Diehl, Guardian of Juliana Hilgass, and of the minor children of Andrew Funnell, late of Harrison Tp., dec'd.
3. The account of Abraham Blackburn and Joseph Griffith, Ex'rs of the last will &c., of James Moore, late of St. Clair township, deceased.
4. The last account of David L. Replagle, and John L. Replagle, Executors of the last will &c., of Reuben Replagle, late of South Woodbury Tp., dec'd.
5. The account of Samuel Smith, Executor of the last will &c., of William Smith, late of Bedford Tp., dec'd.
6. The account of Daniel B. Horn and John A. Burns, Executors of the last will &c., of Enoch Horn, late of Juniata Tp., dec'd.
7. The account of John Spriggs, Esq., Ex'r, of the last will &c., of Daniel Hazzard, late of West Providence Tp., dec'd.

Register's Office, S. H. TATE, Register.
Bedford, Aug. 10.

L. GODDOLD, TUNER & REPAIRER

of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Fealty contracts made. Price for tuning \$2.00. First class repairs to suit. Orders to be left at the "editor's" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned:

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mowry, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Rev. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freyler.
June 24, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration on the Estate of James McDaniel, late of West Providence Township, Bedford County, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately and to those having claims, to present them forthwith for settlement.

JOSEPH McDANIEL, Adm'r.
Aug. 10, 1860.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

In the matter of the account of Jas. Mowry, one of the adm'r's de bonis reus of the Estate of Charles McDowell. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed to distribute the balance remaining on said account, will attend for that purpose, at his office in Bedford, on Tuesday the 21st day of August, next, and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

J. M. RUSSELL, Auditor.
Aug. 21, 1860.

WHEELS IN TIME

WHEELS are in greater demand than ever, this fall, and all who want Drills must order now to secure machines. Call soon at Hartley's and examine this Great Seeder.

Aug. 27, 1860. HARTLEY'S.

LANCASTER WHEAT FOR SEED

A small quantity of the celebrated Lancaster wheat, clean and pure, raised from seed brought from the East last fall, can be had by calling early at

Aug. 27, 1860. HARTLEY'S.

GREAT BARGAINS

To make room for Fall Goods, during this month, we will sell every description of Summer Goods at cost for Cash. Superior French and English Lawns at half price, and many other goods suitable for summer use. Call and see

A. B. CRAMER & Co.
July 13th, 1860.

DRUMS FROM 121 TO 25 CENTS A POUND

For sale by

July 20, 1860. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

BLASTING POWDER AND SAFETY FUSES

For sale at

July 20, 1860. A. L. DEFIBAUGH'S.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By Virtue of sundry writs of F. Fa. Vend. Exponas, and Levati Facias, to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the first day of September, A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

One lot of ground in the Town of Rainsburg, fronting on main street about 80 feet, and extending back about 150 feet to an alley, with a log dwelling house, and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lots of Emanuel Diehl and Henry Smith, situate in Colebrook Tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Joshua Filler, Deft.

All the Defendant Henry S. King's interest in the following real estate, viz: All the one undivided third part of seven tracts of land, warranted in the names of William Lane, William Forrester, George Hinish, Francis Johnston, Alex. Johnston, David Montgomery and James Hunter, containing 2300 acres, more or less, situate on Yellow Creek, in Hempstead Tp., Bedford Co.

One tract of land warranted in the name of Swopes King & Co., containing 237 1/2 acres, more or less, situate in said Tp., and co., and known as the Bedford Forge tract, and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King Deft.

One Tract of land, containing 200 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, two tenant houses, log barn and log stable thereon, adjoining lands of George Ritchey, Joseph Neely, Solomon Nyeum and others, situate in East Providence Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of William Figgart, Defendant.

One tract of land containing 50 acres, more or less, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, log barn and other out buildings thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Henry Grubb, Daniel Snider and others, situate in Monroe Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of Job O'Neal.

One tract, or parcel of land, containing 22 acres, more or less, nearly all cleared and under fence, with a frame dwelling house, one rough east tenant house, frame stable, School house and a frame of a saw-mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of George Elder, John Hartman, Henry Wertz and others, situate in Harrison Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Trostle.

One lot of ground in the town of Greenville, fronting 60 feet on main street and extending back about 120 feet to an alley, with a frame dwelling house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of Barton A. Cooper on the West, and an alley on the East, situate in Monroe Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of James Rollins, Defendant.

All the Defendant's interest in all thereto contiguous and adjoining tracts, pieces and parts of tracts of land, warranted in the name of Thomas J. Horton by warrant dated 2 April, 1853, and others, situate on the waters of S. X. Mile Run, in Roadmap Tp., Bedford county, bounded by each other and by lands of the Huntington and Roadmap Mountain railroad and Coal Company, lands formerly of Asa Duvall, lands of Cunningham & Co., and others, one of said pieces containing 175 acres and 50 perches and allowance, &c., and the other of said pieces containing 69 acres 15 perches and allowance, and taken in execution as the property of Stephen Wilson, with notice to Jacob F. Meiss et al, terre tenant.

One tract of land containing 270 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, and small stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of William Brodier, Joseph W. Tate, Esq., and others situate in Hopewell Tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of George Swartz.

One tract of land containing 140 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with an old log stable thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. T. Daugherty, George Wolf, George Wisgarver, Henry Bredenthal and others, situate in St. Clair Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of William M. Garment, Deft.

All Deft's, right, title and interest in and to one tract of land, containing 55 acres, more or less, about 10 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lands of David Brinkman, Abraham L. Corbale and others, situate in South Woodbury Tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Adam Fink, Deft.

One tract of land, containing 150 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story log dwelling house, log barn and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Michael Hughes, Matthew O'Brien and others, situate in Juniata Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of Margaret Riffe, Deft.

One tract of land containing 155 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house and double log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Michael Stroup, John Sales and others, situate in Juniata Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of Solomon Leigle.

One tract of land containing fifty acres, more or less, about five acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Gideon R. Frost, Andrew Moeck, Thomas S. Hestberger and others, situate in St. Clair Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of Thomas O. Moeck, Deft.

One tract of land containing 121 acres, more or less, about 100 cleared and under fence, with a large two-story log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected adjoining lands of John Robinson, John Claycomb and others, situate in Southampton Tp., Bedford Co., and taken in execution as the property of William and George May, Sena, Defendants.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.
Aug. 10, 1860.

COURT PROCLAMATION

To the Clerks, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMEL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Patton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General and A. J. Sively & John Taylor, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Exam Nations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace then to be held for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 1st Monday of Sept. (being the 3d day) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which you several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 10th day of August, in the year of our Lord 1860.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

KEYSTONE CIDER MILL

This celebrated machine, greatly improved, is now offered to the farmers of Bedford Co. at manufacturer's price. It has taken over 100 Premiums. Call at Hartley's and see it.

Aug. 10, 1860.

PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANOS.



GEORGE VOGT takes the opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Piano Warerooms from No. 628 Arch Street, to No. 516 Arch Street, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of his lately patented PIANOS, which have been pronounced by the best judges as far superior to all other Pianos in the sweetness and purity of their tone and construction, heretofore manufactured in the United States and England.

May 18, 1860—6 mo.

GRANVILLE STOKES' GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM, ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT.

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

GRANVILLE STOKES would return thanks to the public for their appreciation of his efforts to please, and their patronage of his new mode of doing business. Each article is warranted to be, in Fabric, Style and Make, equal to any gotten up in the City, and one price, (lower than the lowest,) marked on the Ticket.

Each article sold, or measured for, is accompanied by a Gift, varying in value from \$1 to \$100. N. B.—Not the most skillful Designers, Cutters and Workmen employed; and satisfaction in Fit, Fashion, Fabric, Price and Gift, guaranteed.

GRANVILLE STOKES' ONE PRICE GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM, NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

May 18, 1860—6 mo.

P. PERRY, S. W. CORNER FOURTH AND RACE STS., PHILADELPHIA.

Manufacturers ACCOUNT BOOKS of the best quality. Bankers and Merchants can have their Books ruled and bound in any style.

premium awarded by the Franklin Institute.

P. PERRY, S. W. CORNER FOURTH AND RACE STS., PHILADELPHIA.

STATIONERY, at low prices. Having superior facilities as a manufacturer, he is enabled to supply goods very low, and make very fair profit. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

COLLECT TOGETHER ALL YOUR "OLD BOOKS" AND MAGAZINES; take them to PERRY'S Book Binderies, Fourth and Race, where you can have them bound good and handsomely at a low price.

May 18, 1860—6 mo.

FRANK JACKSON, PRINTER AND STATIONER, 439 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18, 1860—1 yr.

SUMMER TRADE NOTICE.

BUNN, RAIGUEL & CO., No. 137 North Third Street, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

Invites the attention of Purchasers to their extensive Stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres &c.

May 18, 1860—

WINCHESTER & CO. GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.

PATENT SHOULDER STRAP MANUFACTORY, No. 706 CHESTNUT STREET, Above Seventh, opposite the Washington House.

Fine Shirts and Drawers made from measurement at a few days notice and in all cases warranted to fit. Formula for measurement furnished on application by mail. LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

May 18, 1860—1 yr.

MARTIN, PEDDLE, HAMRICK & CO. HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS.

No. 39, North Fourth St., Phila.
May 18, 1860—1 yr.

BANCROFT & CO., IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS.

No. 329 Market Street, Philadelphia.
May 18, 1860—1 yr.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washbaugh and Bannan, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

Ploughs, WOODCOCK, SEYLER, and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and land-sides to suit all ploughs in general use in this country. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell, on for CASH, or country produce. Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

Feb. 25, 1860—1 yr.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

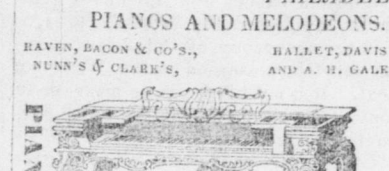
Whereas letters testamentary on the Estate of Nathan Hammond, late of St. Clair Township, Bedford county, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers, notice is therefore hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately, and those having claims will make known the same without delay to

AMY DERRIN, Ex'r, residing in St. Clair Tp.
JNO. MOWER, Ex'r, residing in Bedford.

Aug. 24, 1860.

PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. GOULD, No. 632 Chestnut St., cor. of Seventh, PHILADELPHIA. PIANOS AND MELODEONS.



MASON & HAMLIN'S, AND PRINCE & CO'S. MELODEONS & HARMONIUMS.

Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Second-hand Pianos. May 18, 1860—1 yr.

THE WORLD'S GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last three years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South of the BALDWIN'S.

May 18, 1860—1 yr.

J. P. HUBER, (SUCCESSOR TO J. SORVER.)

—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS.

No. 5 North Fifth St., above Market, Phila.

Also, Manufacturer and Importer of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

May 18, 1860—1 yr.

WILLIAM RAIGUEL, JAMES S. WHITE, SAMUEL MOORE, EDWARD A. ADAMS, WILLIAM G. SKILLMAN, HENRY P. ATKINSON, RAIGUEL, MOORE & CO., LATE, RAIGUEL AND CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS.

Nos. 220 & 222 North Third St., above Race, West side, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18, 1860—1 yr.

JOHN G. JAMES, ISAAC WEISS, H. G. STEERING, Wm. G. KENT, C. A. SMITH, H. D. WEISS, CHARLES JANNEY, SAMUEL WHITE, J. TOLINSON, JAMES, KENT, Santee & Co., IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF DRY GOODS.

239 & 241 NORTH THIRD STREET, ABOVE RACE, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18, 1860—1 yr.

D. MOTT'S CHAMBERLAIN'S RESTORATIVE PILLS & IRON.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC PREPARATION of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon, by combination in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Functions in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

Le Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhoea, Dysenteria, Liver Complaint, Scrophulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Menstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Leucorrhoea, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fever, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long habituated to laxative medicine, and who find their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as it just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very singular instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of anorexia nervosa, sanguineous complexion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation is both necessary and salutary. For, unlike the old calides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and over-heating; and gently regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of constipation, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is equally efficacious in those cases, which makes it so remarkably effective and permanent a remedy for Piles, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispelling the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia, in whatever form it is caused, a single box of these Chamberlain's Pills has often sufficed for the most habituated cases.

In unchecked Diarrhoeas, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating and apparently a malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and salutary.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

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R. B. Locke & Co., General Agents, 20 CEDAR STREET, N. Y.

July 20th, 1860.

PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. LADOMUS, LEWIS LADOMUS & CO. No. 802 CHESTNUT STREET PHILA.

Would most respectfully ask the attention of Citizens and Strangers to their Large, Cheap, and well selected Stock of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CONSISTING IN PART OF

Gold Hunting Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 carat case, \$40 00

Gold Lever Watches, open face, full jeweled, 18 carat case, 30 00

Gold Lever Watches, open face, full jeweled, 18 carat case, 22 00

Silver Lever Watches, Hunting case, full jeweled, 18 carat case, 18 00

Silver Lever watches, open face, full jeweled, 18 carat case, 14 00

Silver Lever Watches, Hunting case, full jeweled, 18 carat case, 14 00

Silver Lever Watches, open face, full jeweled, 18 carat case, 12 00

Gold Gold Chains, 10 00

Gold Pen Holders with Pen and Pencil, 4 00

Gold Pens with Silver Holders, 1 00

Silver Table Spoons, per set, 6 00

Silver Tea Spoons, 3 00

With a large assortment of Silver, Table and Tea Spoons, Dessert, Mustard and Salt Spoons; Forks, Cake, and Ice Cream Knives; Sugar Spoons; Preserving Spoons; Pickle Knives and Forks, etc.

Also, constantly on hand, a magnificent assortment of Jewelry, consisting in part of Bracelets, Broomsticks, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Miniature cases for 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118,

BEDFORD MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:

FOUR AND SIX HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES,

with large open cylinders, cast steel, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superiors for strength and speed are not made in this or any other County in the State.

Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap Power Machine, with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working, this machine has no superior anywhere.

THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind, for small farmers, with or without shakers, single or double shovel Ploughs, Horse Rakes, Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows and Wheelbarrows, made to order.

All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.

Repairing of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.

Castings for all my machines, made at the Foundry of Sures & Jordan, in Bedford, and will compare with any machine made to order. All my work warranted to give satisfaction.

From a past experience of over twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.

Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.

PETER H. SHIRES, Mechanist.

June 8, 1860.—Ed.

BEDFORD COUNTY, Pa.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1860, before the Judges of said Court:—

On motion of O. E. Shannon, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Jacob Smith, late of said County, Pa., deceased, to wit: Mary, intermarried with Jonathan Smith, residing in Story County, Iowa, Jacob Smith, residing in Carroll County, Ill., George Smith, residing in Penna., Caroline, intermarried with Jacob H. Barendse, now deceased, residing in Blount Co., Pa., Christopher Smith, residing in Bedford County, Caroline and Catherine Manspaker, children of Catherine Manspaker, deceased, of whom O. E. Shannon is guardian, and David Manspaker, another heir of said Catherine, who is a minor and has no guardian, residing in Carroll County, Illinois, and Wm. Smith residing in Bedford County, Pa., [said Wm. Smith holds the purchase of the interest of all said heirs, except Maria Stetler, Caroline Barendse and David Manspaker] to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, in and for said County of Bedford, on the first Monday, to-wit: September 4, A. D. 1860, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, issued out of said Court, and to the Sheriff of said County directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1860.

Wm. S. FLUXE, Sheriff.

June 22, 1860.

BEDFORD COUNTY, Pa.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1860, before the Judges of said Court:—

On motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Henry Wollford, late of said County, Pa., deceased, to wit: Jacob Wollford, who has conveyed his share to Leonard Bitter, George Wollford, residing in Bedford County, Michael Wollford, residing in Fayette County, Pa., Joseph Wollford residing in Somerset Co., Pa., Hannah, intermarried with Adam Shroyer, residing in Allegheny Co., Md., Mary Wollford, residing in Bedford County, Susanna, intermarried with Solomon Smith, residing in Bedford County, Catherine intermarried with John Stokes, residing in Cedar County, Iowa, Barbara, who was intermarried with John Devoe, in Ohio, since dead, leaving issue two children, to wit: Hannah and Henry, residing in Ohio, and Adam Wollford who is dead, leaving issue three children, residing in Ohio, to wit: Joseph, Elizabeth and Simon Wollford, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County of Bedford, on the first Monday, to-wit: September 4, A. D. 1860, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1860.

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BEDFORD COUNTY, Pa.

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On motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Henry Wollford, late of said County, Pa., deceased, to wit: Jacob Wollford, who has conveyed his share to Leonard Bitter, George Wollford, residing in Bedford County, Michael Wollford, residing in Fayette County, Pa., Joseph Wollford residing in Somerset Co., Pa., Hannah, intermarried with Adam Shroyer, residing in Allegheny Co., Md., Mary Wollford, residing in Bedford County, Susanna, intermarried with Solomon Smith, residing in Bedford County, Catherine intermarried with John Stokes, residing in Cedar County, Iowa, Barbara, who was intermarried with John Devoe, in Ohio, since dead, leaving issue two children, to wit: Hannah and Henry, residing in Ohio, and Adam Wollford who is dead, leaving issue three children, residing in Ohio, to wit: Joseph, Elizabeth and Simon Wollford, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County of Bedford, on the first Monday, to-wit: September 4, A. D. 1860, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1860.

Wm. S. FLUXE, Sheriff.

June 22, 1860.

BEDFORD COUNTY, Pa.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1860, before the Judges of said Court:—

On motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Henry Wollford, late of said County, Pa., deceased, to wit: Jacob Wollford, who has conveyed his share to Leonard Bitter, George Wollford, residing in Bedford County, Michael Wollford, residing in Fayette County, Pa., Joseph Wollford residing in Somerset Co., Pa., Hannah, intermarried with Adam Shroyer, residing in Allegheny Co., Md., Mary Wollford, residing in Bedford County, Susanna, intermarried with Solomon Smith, residing in Bedford County, Catherine intermarried with John Stokes, residing in Cedar County, Iowa, Barbara, who was intermarried with John Devoe, in Ohio, since dead, leaving issue two children, to wit: Hannah and Henry, residing in Ohio, and Adam Wollford who is dead, leaving issue three children, residing in Ohio, to wit: Joseph, Elizabeth and Simon Wollford, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County of Bedford, on the first Monday, to-wit: September 4, A. D. 1860, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

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Wm. S. FLUXE, Sheriff.

THE CHAMPION BELT

AWARDED TO J. REED & CO.

FOR SELLING THE CHEAPEST AND BEST GOODS!

The undersigned would inform their friends and customers, that they have just received from the Eastern cities, a large and well selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which they are determined to sell at the lowest "wholesale" prices. All kinds of summer wear, from the finest to the commonest, ladies' dress goods of every description, fancy goods, and everything usually kept in dry goods stores (and, perhaps, something besides) groceries, queensware, &c. &c., can be found at their store in every variety and assortment.

THEIR SHOE DEPARTMENT is well supplied with the best stock that can be obtained. For style as well as durability, they cannot be surpassed in this line.

TERMS: Cheap for cash, or approved country produce, or six months credit to punctual dealers. Give us a call, and you shall be waited upon with pleasure.

J. REED & CO.

May 4th, '60.

\$2.50. Pure Pearl Snow White Lead. Oil \$2.50 per keg of 25 lbs.

PAINT AND OIL.

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Bedford Hotel.

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barmhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

Boards taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

At the STAGES stop at this Hotel.

JOHN HAFFER.

March 16, 1855.

D. BORDER.

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER.

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY.

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq., nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1857.

Don City College

CHEAPEST! BEST! LARGEST!!!

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book Keeping, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.

BOARD \$ WEEKS \$20, STATIONARY \$7.

ENTIRE EXPENSES \$62.

Usual time from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed competent to manage the books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

\$500 to \$1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Reviewal pleasure.

First Premiums for Best Business Writing for 1857, received at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

Ministers' Sons received at half price.

For Circulars, Specimens and Embellished Views of the College, inclose five letter stamps to

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Jan 15, 1860.

GOOD NEWS!

THE TRAINS HAVE!

J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO. have received a very

LARGE, WELL SELECTED AND CHEAP stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which they are determined to sell cheap; consisting, in part, of Black and Fancy Silks, Bombazines, Delaines, Shawls, Calicoes, Flannels, Gingham, Muslins, White Goods, &c. ALSO, Men's Wear of all descriptions, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Teeds, Jeans, Cord Drillings, Clothing, &c.

A very large assortment of Ladies' Boots and Shoes, all prices, sizes and qualities; and Hats and Caps to suit all.

ALSO, A large assortment of Queensware, and Cardware, Single and Double Carpet chains, Floor Mats, Carpets, &c.

GROCERIES!

This department is supplied with the very choice and best in the market, and as cheap as can be had anywhere, consisting in part of prime Rio Coffee, Sugar, all kinds and prices, Syrup and Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Rice, Tobacco, Segars, Corn-starch, Dye-stuffs, Cocoa, Starth Cheese, Ginger, Candles, Mustard, Peas and Beans, Tomatoes, Fish, &c. &c. Thankful for past favors they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

To Cash Buyers and to persons of undoubted standing, who are willing to settle once a year, Great Bargains will be given. Call and see.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.

March 30, 1860.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE

Rev. JOHN LYON, PRINCIPAL.

T. LITTLETON LYON, A. M., PRINCIPALS.

THE Summer session of this institution will open on Friday, the 1st day of September, 1860.

It is the design of the Principals, to make this Academy, in all respects, a first class Institution, for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes, and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community, and a strict discipline will be enforced.

A few boys, (the number is limited to ten) will be received into the family of the Principals, as boarders.